120-46

OMB NO. 1024-0018

EXP. 12/31/84

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places **Inventory—Nomination Form**

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

	医乳腺性	S use	oniy	
New York	receiv	ed		
	date e	enterec	ĺ	
		i ingl		

Type all entries	s-complete applicable se	ections		
1. Nam	ie			
historic Whol	esale Row			
	Roanoke Warehouse H	istoric District	(preferred)	
	ation	ISCOLIC DISTLICT	(prezerred)	
street & number	700 700 7 7	enie SW	·	∕A not for publication
city, town Roan		N/A_ vicinity of	*Rongressional diotalat	ATT HOL FOR PUBLICATION
Virai	nia	E1	(In City)	rode 770
-	sification	County county	(In City)	code 770
Category X district bullding(s) structure site object	Ownership public both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation X other:warehouse
4. Own	er of Proper	ty (See Con-	tinuation Sheet #1	- currers 2-4)
	inia Brokerage Compa		Plymale (133 Norf	
			(1010301)	
street & number	4058 Keagy Rd., oanoke		7	Virginia 24018
oity, town		N/A vicinity of	State	Virginia 24018
5. Loca	ation of Lega	ii bescriptio)f1	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Roan	oke City Hall		
street & number	N/A			
city, town Ro	anoke		state	Virginia
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys (See C	ontinuation Sheet #1)
	Roanoke, Proposed Wa	rehouse	. ,	gible?yesX_no
date Septemi	ber 1981		federal state	county X local
depository for su	urvey records Office of	Planning & Economi	c Development, Offi	ce of Community Plannin
city, town Roan				Virginia

7. Description Condition excellent X good fair Check one unaltered X original site moved date N/A Check one A original site moved date N/A

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

The Roanoke Warehouse Historic District consists of five warehouses located on the north side of Norfolk Avenue in the Old Southwest area of the city. The single row of buildings is bounded by First Street, Second Street, Norfolk Avenue, and the tracks of the Norfolk and Western Railway. All the buildings are constructed of brick, two-to-four stories in height and three-to-eleven bays in length. Built between 1889 and 1902, the buildings were erected for wholesale food storage. Two of the buildings have exceptional corbeled stepped gables in a Dutch-vernacular tradition.

ARCHITECTURAL ANALYSIS

The Roanoke Warehouse Historic District is composed of five warehouse buildings all erected in brick between 1889 and 1902. Built to function as wholesale food warehouses, the Roanoke buildings exemplify the leading concepts of early industrial-warehouse design. Emphasizing utility and function in structures built for storing goods in transit, the buildings have heavy lead-bearing brick walls with massive interior post-and-beam supports. Two of the buildings have steeply pitched roofs with stepped gables, reminiscent of Dutch vernacular architecture. The fine corbeled brickwork on a number of the buildings is characteristic of the city's commercial architecture during the late 19th and early 20th centuries. The Roanoke warehouses all retain loading docks with the buildings' north sides facing the tracks of the Norfolk and Western Railroad. A number of the buildings retain some vestiges of their original exterior bold lettering painted on the walls.

The building at 143 Norfolk Avenue was built by the Roanoke land speculator P.L. Terry, who chartered a local milling company in 1888. His improvement of the site was recorded in the city Land Tax Book in 1890, indicating that a building was probably constructed the preceding year. A six-bay addition was constructed in ca. 1900. The original building for the P.L. Terry Milling Company is a six-bay, two-story structure that has lost its third attic story with dormer windows. Constructed of brick laid in stretcher bond, it has corbeled brick pilasters that divide the structure into distinct bays. The original segmental arch windows have been altered. Around 1900, a six-bay addition was constructed on the east wall. Two stories in height, the six-bay structure is executed in six-course American-bond brick. A corbeled brick cornice marks the roof line of the flat-roof building. Following the example of the Terry building, the addition has segmental arch openings. Both buildings retain their loading docks. The west elevation on Second Street has been altered and now serves as the loading area for the Blain Supply Company, the present tenant.

The warehouse at 127 Norfolk Avenue was built in 1902 by Moir and Brindel, grocers. The three-story, three-bay building was constructed in varied courses of American-bond brick and has a flat roof. All the original openings were segmental arched; however, the first story on Norfolk Avenue has been altered for flat arch openings. A corbeled brick cornice ornaments the eaves. The original loading dock survives.

The structure at 117-123 Norfolk Avenue was completed in 1892 for three separate tenants. Now three stories in height with a flat roof, it originally had a fourth story with dormers. The seven-course American-bond brick building is divided by pilasters into

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 X 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art X commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1889-1902	Builder/Architect Un	nknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Roanoke Warehouse Historic District, also known as 'Wholesale Row,' in the Old Southwest neighborhood of the city along Norfolk Avenue and the Norfolk and Western railroad, consists of five warehouses, all erected between 1889 and 1902 for the storage of wholesale food in transit. Closely identified with Roanoke's emergence at the turn-of-the-century as the wholesale capital of Southwest Virginia, the buildings of the district exemplify the functional tradition of early industrial warehouse design. The brick structures are characterized by powerful rectangular lines, gabled ends, rows of segmental arched deep set windows, iron door and window moldings, post-and-beam timber supports on the interior, and heavily cast tie rods. A notable architectural feature of two of the warehouses is a stepped gabled roof with brick corbeling, reminiscent of buildings in the Dutch vernacular tradition. The compact collection lends a visually important and picturesque accent to the rapidly modernizing center of Roanoke and is a tangible reminder of the city's commercial history.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

The land on which the five warehouses stand was originally part of a 400-acre parcel deeded to John B. Smith in 1750. The property was purchased by P.L. Terry and his wife in 1882, the year of the founding of the city of Roanoke. The Terry property then had a more central location, but this changed as the city grew. The change is most evidenced by the siting of the warehouses on the railway across from the old station and by the original names of the surrounding streets, formerly known as Main Street (later Commerce and currently Second Street) and Front Street, the present Norfolk Avenue.

Conveniently located for business, the P.L. Terry store was the first structure built on the site. Constructed ca. 1882, it stood at the corner of Main and Front streets on the railroad. Later in 1888 Terry chartered a milling company and began construction of a warehouse at the same location. The other buildings in the block soon followed, with all five structures completed by 1902.

Known as 'Wholesale Row' by the early 1900s, the new buildings on Front Street reflected not only a unity of function but also of design, displaying all the characteristics of the early industrial warehouses. The steep pitched roofs and the step gables of two of the buildings, together with photographic documentation of the other three warehouses prior to later alterations, notably demonstrate their adherence to the functional tradition. Fine corbeled brickwork was characteristic of the city's commercial architecture in this period.

The wholesale grocery industry continued to grow and dominate this area through the 1930s as the city arose to become the most populous and industrialized community in Southwest Virginia. The district remained until very recently a major center of wholesale

(See Continuation Sheet #2)

9. Ma	jor Bil	oliogra	aphica	al Refe	renc	es		
rnes, Ra	ymond P. !	The Histon	ry of Roan	oke. Rad	ford: C	ommonwealth ial Buildir	n Press, Inc., ng. London:	
tural	Press, 19	58 .			III KICKS CI	Idi ballan	<u>6</u> . <u>1010011.</u>	7HCIIICCC
anoke Ci	ty Tax Bool	<u>k</u> , 1880−18	390, 1906.					
0. G	eogra	phical	Data				,	
	ominated prop	<u> </u>	acres					
uadrangle r	name Roan	oke, VA				Quadrang	le scale <u>1:24000</u>)
MT Referen				В				
	<u>9β66ρ</u> asting	<u>4 1 2 5</u> Northing	4 B D		Zone Eas	sting	Northing	<u>. </u>
	ل	باللا		D		البللب		ı İ
				F				
				н	لا لــ			
rbal bour	ndary descrip	otion and ju	stification	Beginning .	at a poi	nt on the W	side of Firs	t Ave.,
							.; thence ext eximately 100	
ide of S	Second Ave.	to a poi	nt on the	N side of	Norfolk	Ave.; then	ce extending	approximat
st all stat	es and count	ties for proj	perties over	lapping state	e or count	y boundaries	(See Conti Sheet #2	
te N/	Α		code	county	N/A		code	
te N/	A		code	county	N/A		code	
1. F	orm Pr	epare	d By					
					<i></i>			
me/title V1	rginia His	toric Land	marks Con	mission St	air	***************************************		*******
janization	Virginia :	Historic 1	Landmarks	Commission	date	September	1982	
eet & numb	oer 221 Gov	ernor Str	eet		teleph	one (804)	786-3144	
or town	Richmond				state	Virginia	23219	
2. Si	tate Hi	istorio	Pres	ervatio	on Of	ficer C	ertifica	tion
evaluated	significance	of this prope	rty within the	state is:	,			
	national	<u>X</u> _	state	local			•	
5), I hereby	ated State His	toric Preserv	ation Officer	for the Nation the National R	egister and	certify that it h	et of 1966 (Public I as been evaluated	aw 89–
cording to t	the criteria and	1 procedures	set forth by 1	W K	mo	111		
te Historic	Preservation van Mitchel	Officer signa	ture _	1. Dugal	v / ju	call		· .
н. вгу Virgir	ia Histori	c Landmar	ks Commis	sion /	/	date	SEP 1619	982
For NPS u	ise only certify that th	ils property is	s included in	the National R	egister	date		
Keeper of Attest:	the National I	Register			A contract	date		a gradina da Sagaran
	egistration *	1. 12 12 13 13 13	Section States	10 mm - 1 mm - 1	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	erando par situado	and the same of the same of	

EXP. 10/31/84

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

ROANOKE WAREHOUSE HISTORIC DISTRICT, ROANOKE, VA

Continuation sheet #1

Item number 4, 6, 7

For NPS use only
received
date entered

Page 1,1,1

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

(133 Norfolk Ave, SW-1010302): (2a) Kermit W. and Gladys B. Plymale 4058 Keagy Rd., SW Roanoke, Virginia 24018

(2b) Kermit W. Plymale

4058 Keagy Rd., SW
Roanoke, Virginia 24018

(127 Norfolk Ave., SW -1010304):
(3) James D. and Vicki H. Leonard
1935 Hope Rd., SW
Roanoke, Virginia 24018

(vacant lot, 105, 109, 113, 117, 119, 123 Norfolk Ave., SW - 1010311

(4) David N. Van Blaricom 1421 Park Avenue Richmond, Virginia 23220

1010308 1010307 1010306 1010305):

1010309

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

(2) Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey 1982 State Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission 221 Governor Street Richmond, Virginia 23219

7. DESCRIPTION -- Architectural Analysis

nine bays, each bay containing paired windows on the second and third stories. Fine corbeled brickwork is found above the third story. Loading docks are on both the north and south elevations.

The warehouse at 113 Norfolk Avenue, SW was built in 1900 for Becker Grocery, whole-sale grocers. Like its neighbor at 109 Norfolk Avenue, the building has a steeply pitched, stepped gable roof accented by corbeled brickwork. Both the north and south elevations are divided by brick pilasters into three bays. The structure has segmental arch openings and loading docks on both the north and south elevations.

The 109 Norfolk Avenue warehouse is the most elaborate building in the row. Built in 1892 by the Roanoke Grocery and Milling Co., the structure to its east side originally had a twin of the building at 113 Norfolk Avenue, giving it the appearance of a central pavilion flanked by smaller wings; however, the building at 105 Norfolk Avenue was razed. The 1892 building is four stories in height with a steep gable roof accentuated by corbeled brickwork. The stretcher-bond brick building has both segmental and flat arch openings. The fourth story has a centrally positioned, three-part Palladian-style window flanked by lunettes. Like its neighbor at 113 Norfolk Avenue, corbeled brick pilasters divide the building into three bays. It retains its loading docks on both the north and south elevations.

The Roanoke Warehouse Historic District is bounded on the north by the tracks of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, on the south by Norfolk Avenue, on the west by Second Avenue and on the east by First Avenue. Immediately to the east of 109 Norfolk Avenue

(See Continuation Sheet #2)

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

ROANOKE WAREHOUSE HISTORIC DISTRICT, ROANOKE, VA

Continuation sheet #2

Item number 7, 8, 10

Por NPS use only received date entered

Page 2, 1, 1

7. DESCRIPTION -- Architectural Analysis

is a large parking lot, once the site of two former buildings on the 'warehouse row." A large parking lot is found south of the district with four heavily altered buildings on the south side of Norfolk Avenue.

RCC

8. SIGNIFICANCE -- Historical Background

activity. C.B. Halsey Co., the last wholesale grocer on the row, closed for business in the spring of 1981. Although buildings in the row have been modernized through the introduction of larger windows and conventional door and roof lines, the district maintains much of its original character. As the last group of warehouses left on the railway near the central business district and a tangible reminder of Roanoke's development as a railroad town, the area is an important historic resource of the city and should be preserved. While some of the buildings still function in part as warehouses, present plans call for the rehabilitation of the district as an entertainment and retail center.

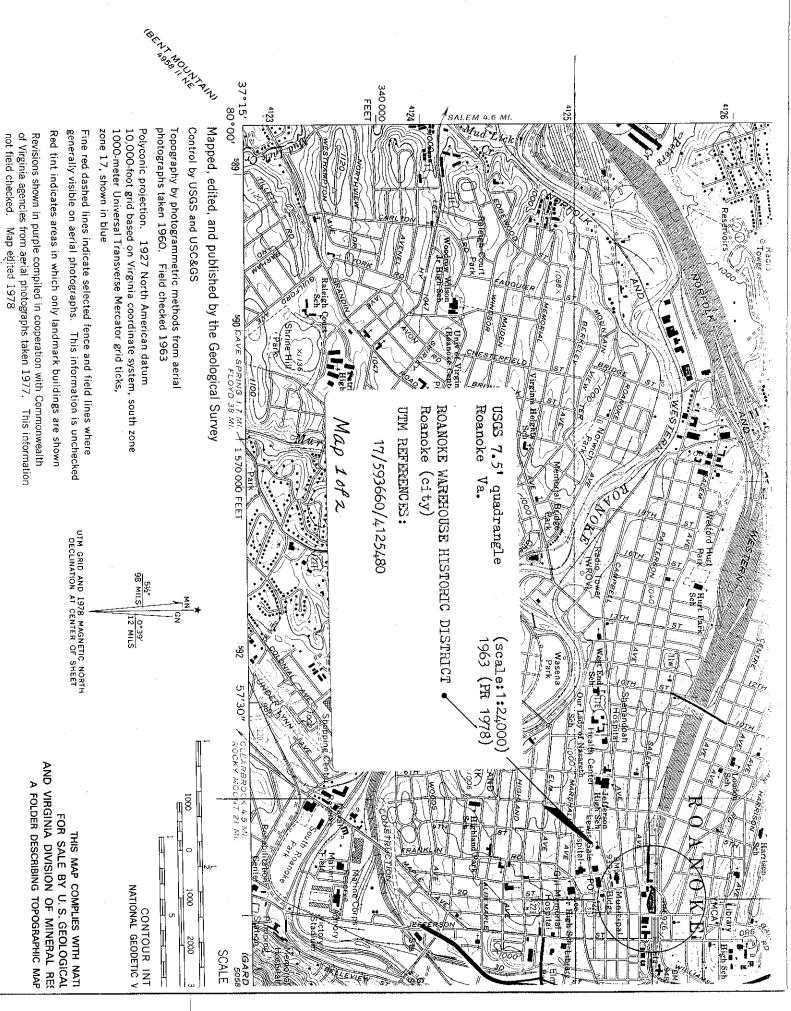
C of R/RAC

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA -- Verbal Boundary Description & Boundary Justification

150' N along W side of First Ave. to point of origin.

Boundary Justification: The boundaries have been drawn to encompass the city block bounded by the Norfolk and Western Railroad, Norfolk Ave., First Ave., and Second Ave.

¹Raymond P. Barnes, <u>The History of Roanoke</u>. (Radford: Commonwealth Press, Inc., 1968), p. 91.



Purple tint indicates extension of urban areas